

GROSSMANN, Vojtech, prof. MUDr.; TULACH, Jiri; Technicke spoluprace:
HORACKOVA,O.; PECA, O.; OCHRYMOVIC, O.

A contribution to changes in the effect of physostigmine on
the blood pressure of irradiated rats. Sborn. ved. prac. lek.
fak. Karlov. Univ. 9 no.1:183-190 '64.

1. Katedra farmakologie (prednosta: prof. MUDr. V. Grossmann);
Katedra toxikologie (prednosta: doc. MUDr. Z. Fink) Karlovy
University v Hradce Kralove.

CSSR

KVETINA, J. (technical co-workers: PECA, O., CELEROVA, J., DINTAROVA, H.)

no academic degree indicated

dept. of pharmacology of the medical faculty at Charles University (katedra farmakologie lek.fak.KU), Hradec Kralove; director: Prof. GROSSMAN V., MD - (for all)

Bratislava, Bratislavské Lekarske Listy, No 1, 1963, pp 41-51

"The Pharmacodynamics of Dolsin and its Metabolites in the Course of Radiation Sickness"

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FECI, V.; SEFL, K.

"Testing quick-setting cement to be used in the construction of prestressed-concrete structures." p. 322

POZEMNI STAVBY. Praha, Czechoslovakia, Vol. 7, No. 6, March, 1959

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 9, September 1959
Unclassified.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Chemical Technology - Food Industry.

H-28

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 24, 1958, 83331

Author : Pecak, O., Bitenc, F.

Inst :

Title : The Chemical Composition of Potatoes.

Orig Pub : Socialist. kmet., 1957, 8, No 5-6, 167-171

Abstract : The content of starch, sugar nitrogen and dry residue was studied on some varieties of potato from Slovenia. The starch content was determined by Everes' method, the sugar content by Schurell's method and the nitrogen by Kjeldahl. The dry residue was determined by drying at 105°C. to a constant weight. The potato of Rodovitrik variety had the best indices in respect to the sugar content, and in respect to starch - the Voran and Ranny Bemovets varieties.

Card 1/1

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Contribution to the discussion concerning the article by Cesnáček, architect. p. 132.

STAVIVO, Praha, Vol. 33, no. 5, May 1955.

30: "Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EAL), LC, Vol. 4, no. 10, Oct. 1955,
Uncl.

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✓ Industrial separation of substances by ion exchangers.

Zdenek Severy, Václav Pečík, and J. [redacted] Chem.
Praxis 4(29), 1959. The design, operation, and
process control are discussed of the ion exchanger in a pilot-
plant installation in an antibiotic plant in Czechoslovakia.
The sepa. of basic substances from dil. solns. by means of a
cation exchanger is described. L. A. Helmich

(2) R3
open

PĚCAK, Vaclav; SEVERA, Zdenek

A quick method of determination of streptomycin in fermented media. Cesk. farm. 3 no.9:305-307 Nov 54.

1. Z Vyzkumneho ustavu antibiotik, Rostoky u Prahy
(STREPTOMYCIN, determination
fermented media, quick method)

FECAK, Vaclav; SEVERA, Zdenek

Isolation of cephalin from brain and spinal cord. Cas. lek.
cesk. 44 no.34-35:960-962 26 Aug 55.

1. Vyskumný ustav antibiotik, Rožtoky u Prahy.

(PHOSPHOLIPIDS

cephalin, isolation from brain & spinal cord.)

(BRAIN

cephalin isolation.)

(SPINAL CORD

cephalin isolation.)

PECÁK, VACLAV

The isolation of cephalin from brain and medulla. Václav
Pecák and Zdeněk Ševerský (Výzkumný Ústav Antibiotik,
Ruzyně u Prahy, Czech.). Časopis Lékařů Českých 94,
No. 2 (1955).—Thoroughly ground mince is dried in a
vacuum drying-box or in warm air at max. 80° for approx.
24 hrs. and regrind. The dry material is Soxhlet-extd.
with Et₂O contg. 1-1.5% water (2-2.5 l. per kg. dry ma-
terial). Et₂O is removed and the dry ext. is Soxhlet-extd.

with Me₂CO (3 l. per kg. of ext.) for 10-15 hrs. The ext. is
evapd. and boiled for 2-3 hrs. in 5% aq. NaOH (5 l. per kg.
of ext.). Cholesterol is washed with H₂O on a Büchner-
funnel and twice recrystd. from boiling MeOH (1 l. per 100
g.). m. 147-8°. The phospholipid-rich Me₂CO-extd.
material is dissolved in 95% Et₂O (500 ml. per 100 g.),
centrifuged, if necessary, and pptd. with 4 vols. of Me₂CO.
Water emulsion of the ppt. is repeatedly pptd. with equal
vols. of Me₂CO. The crude lecithin-cephalin mixt. is dis-
solved in 95% Et₂O and pptd. with 4 vols. of 96% EtOH.
Cephalin is repprd. and dehydrated with anhyd. Me₂CO,
m. 174-5°. Lecithin can be obtained from the EtOH soln.
by pptg. with 5 vols. of Me₂CO. The residues after the
first H₂O ext. of brain or medulla are ext. with 92%
EtOH; phosphate impurities are removed by heating with
Ba(OH)₂ soln., and the cerebroside fraction is fractionated
by crystn. according to Loening and Thierfelder (cf. ibid.
73, 232).

I. M. Hals

PEGK, V.; CIZEK, S.; MUSIL, J.; CERKES, L.; HEROLD, M.; BELIK, E.; HOFFMAN, J.

Stimulation of chlortetracycline production by benzyl thiocyanate. J.
Hyg. Epidem., Praha 2 no.1:111-115 1958.

1. Institute of Antibiotic Research, Koztoky, near Prague, Czechoslovakia.

(THIOCYANATES, effects

benzyl thiocyanate stimulation of chlortetracycline prod.
by Streptomyces strains)

(CHLORTETRACYCLINE, preparation of

prod. by Streptomyces strains, stimulation by benzyl
thiocyanate admin.)

(STREPTOMYCES, metabolism

aureofaciens prod. of chlortetracycline, stimulation by
benzyl thiocyanate admin.)

HORNUNG, Stanislaw; POLONCZYK, Minczyslaw; DELOFF, Leonard; DERUBSKA, Barbara; GARNUSZEWSKI, Zbigniew; JAROSZEWICZ, Wiwa; JAWORSKI, Jan; MYSAKOWSKA, Helena; KARYSKI, Edwin; PECAK, Wladyslaw; PREGOWSKI, Wladyslaw; SUSNICKI, Waclaw; WESTFAI, Irene; ZIERSKI, Marian

Primary resistance to basic antitubercular drugs in pulmonary tuberculosis patients observed in Poland during the period of 1961-1962. Gruzlica 32 no.8:629-636 Ag '64.

PECAK, Wladyslaw; KUBIT, Stanislaw

Contribution to the treatment of pulmonary sarcoidosis with prednisone.
Gruzlica 30 no.1:57-66 '62.

1. Z Oddzialu Pneumonologicznego Wojewodzkiego Szpitala Przeciwgruz-
liczego w Rzeszowie Dyrektor: dr med. T. Lewicki.

(PREDNISONE ther) (SARCOIDOSIS ther)
(LUNG DISEASES ther)

PECAKOVA, L.
(6349)

Dept. of Pharmacol. and Chemical Inst., Charles Univ. Albertov, Prague Paper
Partition chromatography of riboflavine decomposition products Nature, London
1949, 163/4150 (768) *Mrs. L.*

Irradiated samples of riboflavine solution have been subjected to chromatography on filter paper using Crammer's technique (Nature, 1948, 161, 349). In addition to residual riboflavine, lumiflavine and lumichrome, yellow fluorescent spots due to two (or more) unidentified products were observed. Commercial injection solutions were analysed by this method, which is claimed to be suitable for following the influence of various conditions on the rate and nature of photolysis.

Slack-Lagenham

So: Excerpta Medica, Vol. II, No. 12, Sec. II, December 1949

PECAR,M.

Cost of transportation by motor vehicles on our highways. (To be contd.)p.66.
(Ceste I Mostovi Vol. 5, no. 2, Feb. 1957, Yugoslavia)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) L^c, Vol. 6, no. 7, July 1957, Uncl.

PECAR,M.

Cost of transportation by motor vehicles on our highways. (Conclusion)p.103.
(Ceste I Mostovi. Vol. 5, no. 3, Mar. 1957, Yugoslavia)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) L⁹, Vol. 6, no. 7, July 1957, Uncl.

PCHEL'NIKOV, N. I.

Pribory upravlenija artilleriiskim zenitnym oruzhem (PMAZ). Kniga
I. Utverzhdeno v kachestve uchebnika dlia voennych akademii Krasnoi Armii.
Moskva, Gos. Voen. izd-vo, 1940. 345 p., illus., tables, charts.

Title tr.: Instruments for control of artillery anti-aircraft fire.
Approved as a textbook for the Red Army Military Academies.

MF628.P3

SO: Aeronautical Sciences and Aviation in the Soviet Union, Library of
Congress, 1951.

Pecetr, M.

1718. Simple installation for gravimetric micro-titration? M. Pecar (Inst. Inorg. Anal. and Phys. Chem., Zagreb, Yugoslavia). Bull. Sci. Yugoosl., 1938, 3 (1), 7-8 (in English). --The weight burette (cf. *Ber. Akad. 11*, 1937, 267) is a conical flask (5 ml) through the side of which is sealed a capillary siphon having its longer external leg drawn to a fine tip. The tip is coated with paraffin wax; capillary tension prevents flow unless the tip is immersed in the liquid (*L*) to be titrated. *I* is placed in a hollow in a porcelain plate which is carried on one arm of a lever, whereon it is supported by springs so that it can vibrate. By pressing the other arm of the lever, *I* is raised into connection with the tip and the titrant flows. On release, contact is broken and flow stops, while vibration due to the springs ensures good mixing. The final wt. of titrant added is found by weighing the burette before and after titration. A. R. PEACON

AM
MIT

Pecar, M.

Med ✓ A survey of color reactions of strychnine. M. Pecar
(Inst. Inorg. Chem., Zagreb, Yugoslavia). *Farm. Glasnik* 12,
492-9 (1960).—A review dealing with color reactions of
strychnine. 70 references. T. Bican-Füster

PECAR, M.

A new simple installation for gravimetric microfiltration.
M. Pecar (Univ. Zagreb). Bull. sci., Council acad. RPF
TOM. 3, 7-8 (1958) (in English). --An app. consisting
of a microburet and a micro-ultrafilter tester with a vibration
platform is described in detail. N. Plavšić

PECÁR, M.

Determination of strychnine in the past 125 years. M. Pecár. Farm. Glasnik 11, 407-14 (1955).—Review with R.H. [initials]

PAVEL, Dorin, prof., dr. ing.; (Bukarest); PECCOL, Erasmone [translator]

Hydrological data and water power potential of the Danube.
Hidrologiai Kozlony 37 no.2:113-130 '57.

11- H

Chronic mercury poisoning. Milko Peče (Ambulanta za poklicne bolezni, Ljubljana, Jugoslavija). Arhiv Hig. Rada 1, 301 (6/1959) (English summary). In a felt-hat factory, where $HgNO_3$ was used for impregnation all but 14 out of 142 workmen developed symptoms of Hg poisoning. In a detailed analysis of symptoms of chronic poisoning, P. attributes particular importance to erythema, tremor, and chronic vasomotor disturbances. Toxic symptoms in the mouth occupy only the 4th place. No lesions of the teeth were observed, only dryness in the mouth and nose. Neurological lesions were of neuralgic character, with most varied localizations. P. ascribes disturbances of digestive organs which are not of an exclusively toxic character to toxic lesions of nerves. This is confirmed by the fact that in the course of chronic poisoning not a single lesion of the kidney was found.

PECEK, Jiri inz.

Why radiocommunication is not used by the Czechoslovak railroads.
Zel dop tech 11 no.2:32-34 '63.

1. Ustredni dum dopravni a spojovaci techniky.

"TECHNICKA

PESCAK, Vojtech, Automobile Works(Automobilove zavody), Prague.

" Ventilation of Painting Booths in Automobile Repair Shops "

Zpravotai Technika a Vydachotechnika, Prague, Vol 6, №2 ,
67, pp 75-82.

Abstract: The author analyzes conditions for ventilating spray booths from standpoint of allowed maximum concentration of paint and varnishes, air velocities and air circulation. A method is described for a uniform air admission through the ceiling and illustrated on an example for calculating necessary parameters for a spray booth.

9 references from the East.

1/1

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Country: Hungary

Academic Degrees: [not given]

Affiliation:

Sources: Leipzig, Iestenantschnik, No 5-6, May 1961, p. 173.

Data: "Investigations on the Carry-with Effect of Liquid Droplets in the Vacuum Distillation of Residual Oils."

Authors:

FODOR, J. Isotope Laboratory of the Central Material Testing Station of the Iron and Metal Works "Csépel";

VARGA, K. Isotope Laboratory of the Central Material-Testing Station of the Iron and Metal Works "Csépel";

PECELI, B. Mineral Oil Plant "Csépel";

VAJTA, L. Association of the Mineral Oil Industries of the People's Republic of Hungary.

[no original language version of associations given]

FELEGI Á.

Polska
lit.

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6. "Measurements of the Nature of Flavoured Liquids in Grade CII Long Distance Pipe Lines by Means of Radiometrics," *Canadian Journal of Petroleum Technology*, Vol. 2, No. 2, June 1963.

7. "Effect of the Environment on the Performance of Radiation Detectors," *Journal of Nuclear Research and Nuclear Engineering* (Japan), No. 1, March 1963.

8. "Fluorescence of Rare-Earth Elements by Activation Analysis," *National Conference on the Progress of Chemical Physics*, Institute of Physics of the Institute of Applied Mathematics, University of Waterloo, Ontario, Canada, April 1963.

9. "Separation of Ce^{3+} , Pr^{3+} , Dy^{3+} and Y^{3+} ions by the Ion Exchange Process," *Journal of Inorganic and Nuclear Chemistry*, Vol. 25, No. 1, January 1963.

10. "Radiometric and Fluorimetric Measurements of the Concentration of Solutes in Nuclear Reactor Coolant Water," *Journal of Nuclear Physics (Communication for Europe)*, Division of Nationalized U.S.T., Researcher of the Directorate General of Nuclear Energy, Paris, France, No. 27, 1963.

11. "Application of Nuclear Energy to the Smelting of Non-Ferrous Metals," *Journal of the Japanese Institute of Metals and Materials*, Vol. 27, No. 1, January 1963.

12. "The Application of Nuclear Energy to the Production of Synthetic Rubber," *Journal of the Japanese Institute of Metals and Materials*, Vol. 27, No. 1, January 1963.

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SIMON, Pal, a kemiai tudomanyok kandidatusa; PECELI, Bela

Construction of new petroleum refineries. Kem tud kozl MTA 22
no.2:211-221 '64.

1. Danubian Petroleum Industry Enterprise, Szazhalombatta.

PECELI, BELA

Peceli, Bela, Parafinmentesito szakkunkas. (Irtak) Peceli Bela, Karolyi Jozsef (es) Neber Elemer (Budapest) Nehezipari Konyv- es Folyciratkiado Vallalat, 1952. 130 p (Banya- es Energiagygi Miniszterium Szakaoktatasi Kiadvanyai; Aszanyolajipar) (The technical process of extracting paraffin from oil. Diags.)

SO: Monthly list of East European Accessions. LC, Vol. 3, No. 1, Jan. 1954,
Uncl.

PECKLI, Endre, dr.; KUMMERLANDER, Lajos, dr.

Case of monolateral absence of adnexus diagnosed by pelveophlebography.
Magy noorv. lap. 25 no.1:29-32 Ja '62.

1. A Baranyamegyei Tanacs Korhaza (Igazgato: Steinmetz Endre dr.)
Szuleszeti es Nogyogyszati Osztalyanak (Foorvos: Pali Kalman dr.)
kozleménye.

(ADENXA UTERI abnorm) (ANGIOGRAPHY)
(PELVIS radiography)

MEJCHAR, B.; HOUBOVA, H.; EDLAN, A.; PECEMIA, J.

On the problem of leukoplakia of the mucous membrane of the
oral cavity. Cesk. stomat. 66 no.1:9-15 Ja '66.

1. Stomatologicka klinika (prednosta prof. dr. A. Edlan, DrSc.)
a Slikuv patologicko-anatomicky ustav (prednosta prof. dr.
J. Vanek, DrSc.), lekarske fakulty Karlovy University v Plzni.

PACIENIK, J.

A new way of drying lumber. p. 376.
(MATERIALY BUDOWLANE, Vol. 11, No. 11, Nov. 1956, Warsaw, Poland)

SU: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EHAL) LC, Vol. 6, No. 9, Sept. 1957, Uncl.

PECENIK, J.; HALFAR, W.

"Timber, a Problem of Steady Interest in the Building Industry," P. 221.
(PRZEGLAD BUDOWLANY, Vol. 26, No. 7, July 1954, Warszawa, Poland)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4,
No. 1, Jan. 1955 Uncl.

PECENIK, J.

Canal dryer for drying lumber. p. 259

PRZEGLAD BUDOWLANY

Warszawa

Vol. 27, no. 7, July 1955

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL), EC, Vol. 5, no. 3, March 1956

PECENTIK, J.

"Research on the Resilience of Pine Lumber (Pinus Sylvestris)."Buletyn. p. 7A
(Inzyniera I Budownictwo, Vol. 11, No. 2, Feb. 1954, Warszawa)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, Vol. 3, No. 6, Library of Congress, June,
1954, Uncl.

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"Problem of artificial drying of timber in building. Biuletyn," p. 35A.
(INZINKERIA I BUDOWNICTWO Vol. 11, No. 11, Nov. 1955. Warsaw, Poland)

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April 1955. Uncl.

FECHENIKOV, R.Ya.; RABICHEVA, S.G.

Reducing the working pressure and increasing the diameter of
gas mains. Gaz.prom. 5 no.6:44-47 Je '60.
(MIRA 13:6)

(Gas, Natural—Pipelines)

PEGENKA, J.; JANICEK, B.; NEDVIDEK, J.; SUCHANEK, M.; SKVRNOVA, K.;
TUMOVA, B.; VOBECKY, J.; VOJTOVA, H.; VOLAKOVA, N.

Immunological survey of influenza in the Czech regions. J.hyg.
epidem., Praha 4 no.4:477-488 '60.

1. Institute of Epidemiology and Microbiology in Prague; Micro-
biological Department, Medical School, Brno University; Public
Health Departments in Jihlava, Brno and Ostrava.
(INFLUENZA immunology)

RASKA,K.; TUMOVA,B.; HELCL,J.; FEDOVA,D.; PIRKOVA,Z.; PESENKA,J.;
SKVRNOVA,K.

Annual report of the Czechoslovak Influenza Centre.
J.hyg. epidem. 7 no.3:261-271 '63.

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RASKA, K.; PECENKA, J.; TUMOVA, B.

1957 Influenza pandemic. Cas. lek. cesk. 96 no. 43:1383-1385 25 Oct 57.
(INFLUENZA, epidemiol.
in Czech (Cz))

RASKA, K.; PECENKA, J.; RADEKOVSKY, J.; HOUDNY, J.; TUMOVA, E.

Influenza epidemic in 1957. Cas. lek. cesk. 97 no.20:626-633 16 May
58.

1. Cs. chřípkova ustředna pri Ustavu epidemiologie a mikrobiologie
v Praze, vedenosta prof. dr. Karel Raská. K. R., Praha 12, Šrobarova
48.

(INFLUENZA, epidemiol.
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PEČENKA, J.

"Evaluation of gamma globulin in the prevention of infectious hepatitis." p. 22.
(CASOPIS LEKARU ČESKÝCH, Vol. 92, no. 13, Mar. 1953, Praha.)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, Vol. 2, #19 Library of Congress
October 1953, Uncl.

SKOVRAHNEK, V.; RADKOVSKY, J.; ROUDNY, J.; CERVENKA, J.; PECJANKA, J.; SOVINA, J.;
ADAM, E.; ADAMOVA, V.; NOVAK, A.; ZACEK, K.; VONKA, V.

Vaccination against poliomyelitis in Czechoslovakia in 1957. II. Evaluation
of morbidity following vaccination. J. Hyg. Epidemiol., Praha 2 no.4:
469-477 1958.

1. Ministry of Health, Prague; Institutes of Epidemiology and Micro-
biology, Prague and Bratislava; Clinical Laboratory for Poliomyelitis
Research, Charles University, Prague; Children's University Hospital,
Infectious Diseases Department, Bratislava; Institute of Sera and Vaccines,
Prague. V. Skovranek, Ministerstvo zdravotnictvi, Praha 12, Tr. W. Piecka
98, Czechoslovakia.

(POLIOMYELITIS, prev. & control,
vacc. in Czech., morbidity in vaccinated child)

CERNY, E., MUDr.; HAVLIK, O., RNDr. [deceased]; CHLADEK, V., MVDr.; NOVOTNY, J., MUDr.;
PECENKA, J., MUDr.; PRIVORA, M., MUDr.; SYMON, K., MUDr.; SYRUCEK, L.
MUDr.; VIMOLKA, F., MUDr.; WEISER, J., RNDr.; WOLF, A., MUDr., doc.; RASKA, K.,
prof., MUDr., redaktor.

Medical protection against biological warfare. Zdrav.
aktuality 122:1-150 '63.

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EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 17 Vol 5/6 Public Health June 59

1588. THE EPIDEMIOLOGY OF INFLUENZA IN 1957 - K epidemiologii chřipky v roce 1957 - Raška K., Poženka J., Radkovský J., Roudný J. and Tůmová B. Čs. Chřipková Ustředna při Úst. Epidemiol. a Mikrobiol. Praha - CAS. LÉK. ČES. 1958, 57/20 (626-633) Graphs 6 Tables 3 Illus. 1

The first cases of influenza of the new type (A₂FE) were detected in Czechoslovakia as early as May, 1957. In the subsequent months in a number of areas larger and smaller epidemics occurred, mainly in working communities. In September, 1957, the influenza spread rapidly, particularly among schoolchildren. The epidemic culminated in October 1957. Subsequently there was a fall in the morbidity rate and since then influenza was found in various localities in Czechoslovakia as a disease affecting individuals or as small epidemics. Between September 30th and December 31st, 1957, more than 1,440,000 cases of the disease were recorded. The incidence of complications was 1.1% and the mortality rate 0.2% of all cases. From May, 1957 till the end of 1957, 102 strains of the influenza virus were identified. With the exception of 2 strains A' (October 1957) and one strain B (December 1957) all strains were of the A₂FE type.

SKOVRANEK, V.; PECENKA, J.; ROURNY, J.; RADKOVSKY, J.

Vaccination against poliomyelitis in Czechoslovakia in 1957. I. The epidemiological situation with regard to poliomyelitis in Czechoslovakia and the organization of the vaccination programme in 1957. J. Hyg. Epidem., Praha 2 no. 4:415-422 1958.

1. Ministerstvo zdravotnictvi, Praha 12, Tr. W. Piecka 98, Czechoslovakia.
(for Skovranek).

(POLIOMYELITIS, prev. & control,
vacc. in Czech)

PEGENKA, J.; SKVRNOVA, K.; HANA, I.; IZHICKY, A.; RUMOVA, B.; MARKVART, O.; LOUDA, L.; HARTL, Z.; HEICL, J.; KLEINBAUER, V.

Evaluation of influenza vaccine. Cesk. epidem. mikrob. imun. 7 no.6:365-373 Nov 58.

1. Ustav epidemiologie a mikrobiologie v Praze-Zdravotnicka sprava ministerstva narodni obrany. 1. hyg. epidemiologicky oddiel ca. lid armady - Krajska hyg. epid. stanice v Gottwaldove -- Krajska hyg epid. stanice v Pardubicich. J. P. Praha 12 Srobarova 48.

(INFLUENZA, prev. & control
vaccine evaluation (Cz))

PECENKA, J.; IZBICKY, A.; HANA, I.

On the question of using hyperimmune equine serum in the prevention of influenza. Cesk. epidem. mikrob. imun. 8 no.1:9-12 Jan 59.

1. Ustav epidemiologie a mikrobiologie v Praze. J. P., Praha 12, Srobarova 48.

(INFLUENZA, prev. & control
imun. by hyperimmune horse serum (Cz))
(IMMUNE SERUMS, ther. use
hyperimmune horse serum in prev. of influenza (Cz))

~~SECRET~~
PEČENKA, J.; RASKA, K.

Evaluation of utilization of gamma globulin in prevention of infectious hepatitis. Cas. lek. česk. 92 no.13:340-343 27 Mar 1953.
(CLML 24:4)

1. Of the Institute of Epidemiology and Microbiology (Director--
Karel Raska, M.D.) Prague.

LORENZ,A.; PECKNY,A.

Multiple small retention cysts in the bulbar conjunctive.
Cesk. oftal. 20 no.1:69-71 Ja'64.

1. Klinika chorob očních lek. fakulty KU v Plzni; (prednosta:
prof.dr.K.Knobloch, DrSc.) a Siklův patologickoanatomický
ustav lekarské fakulty KU v Plzni; (prednosta: prof.dr.J.Vanek,
DrSc.).

*

PECENY, Alfred.

Manifest and atypical forms of idiopathic pulmonary demosiderosis
in adults. Acta Univ. Carol. [med.] (Praha) 9 no.8:657-664 '63

1. Patologickoanatomicky Ustav prof. Sikla lekarske fakulty
Universitu Karlovy v Praze; prednosta' prof. MUDr. J. Vanek.
DrSc.

STEJSKALOVA, Eva; PECKY, J.; HUTER, M.

Transport of glucose into *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* RVII.
Folia microbiol. (Praha) 9 no.2:55-57 Mr'64

1. Department of Technical Microbiology, Institute of Microbiology, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, Prague.

*

ZAHN, K.; CIHAK, J.; PECEVY, J.

Aneuryzma of the retinal arteries. Sborn. lek. 67 no.6:206-
210 Je'65.

1. Okuci klinika fakulty všeobecného lekarství University
Karlovych v Praze (prednosta: prof. dr. E. Dienstbier, DrSc.);
Interni oddelení fakultní polikliniky v Praze (vedoucí: prof.
K. Herfort, DrSc.); a "výzkumný ustav endokrinologický v
Praze (ředitel: doc. dr. K. Silink, DrSc.).

Peceny, R.

Polarographic determination of the ripeness of viscose. p. 207.

Vol. 5, no. 5, May 1955.

CHEMICKY PRUMYSL

SO: Monthly List of East European Accession, (EEL), LC, Vol. 4, No. 9,
Sept. 1955, Uncl.

Peceny, S.

C ✓ Polarographic determination of ripeness of viscose. *J. Polym. Chem. Pramyl.* 5, 207-9 (1953).—The gamma value of viscose is detd. polarographically by catalytic waves. The inorg. decompr. products of cellulose xanthate can thus be detected in certain buffered solns. while cellulose xanthate in the same solns. does not produce an anodic wave. Two different buffers are employed: (1) 0.1*N* NH₄Cl + 0.1*N* NH₄OH (pH = 9.3) and (2) 0.1*N* di-Na citrate (pH = 4.95). The ripeness is indicated by the height of catalytic wave which is related to the degree of aging, but the relationship is different for each buffer used. L. A. Belwick

Picek, Jaroslav

SOKA, Jiri; PREGNY, Jaroslav

Respiratory quotient and fixation of CO₂. Lek. listy, Brno 9
no.18:427-428 15 Sept 54.

1. III. vnitrní klinika K.U.

(CARBON DIOXIDE, metabolism,

fixation, relation to resp. quotient)

(METABOLISM, TISSUE,

carbon dioxide fixation, relation to resp. quotient)

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

PECENY, Vaclav, Inz; MNO, NT-2S [Abbreviations not identified.]

"Mass Evacuation of Wounded and Diseased on Stretchers Using Common Carriers."

Prague, Vojenske zdravotnické listy, Vol 32, No 1, Mar 63; pp 3-6.

Abstract : Discussion of placement of litters in Czech buses, trucks and railroad freight cars and markings of latter. Various essential requirements and precautions are listed. Ten photographs, diagram.

1/1

Fecorskaja, K. A.

"Sur les hydrures de nickel." by A. A. Balandin, B. V. Erofeev, K.A. Fecorskaja and M. S. Stachanova. (p. 577)

SO: Journal of General Chemistry (Zhurnal Obshchei Khimii) 1941, Vol 11, No. 1

PECH, A.

Permanent overflow dams of water reservoirs. p. 336.

VODNI HOSPODARSTVI. Praha, Czechoslovakia. No. 8, August 1959.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 11,
November 1959.

Uncl.

PECH, A.

PECH, A. Preparations for our big irrigation constructions. p. 370,

Vol. 5, No. 10, Oct. 1955

VODNI HOSPODARSTVI

TECHNOLOGY

Praha, Czechoslovakia

So: East European Accessions, Vol. 5, No. 5, May 1956

PECH, F.

"Development of spray irrigation with particular regard to the USSR."

p. 290 (Vodni Hospodarstvi) No. 11, Nov, 1957
Prague, C_zechoslovakia

SO: Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC. Vol. 7, no.4,
April 1958

Pech, J.

Refuse of steel mills and organization of the storage of scrap.
p. 195. HUTNIK. (Ministerstvo hutniho prumyslu a rudnych dolu)
Praha. Vol. 4, no. 7, July 1954.

Source: EEAL LC Vol. 5, No. 10 Oct. 1956

PECH, J.; JANOS, L.

Optimum shape of the collector electrode of a direct-current generator for very
high voltage. p. 523.

Vol. 44, no. 10, Oct. 1955
ELEKTROTECHNICKY OBZOR
Praha Czechoslovakia

Source: East European Accession List. Library of Congress
Vol. 5, No.8, August 1956

PECH, J.

809. The determination of humidity in gases.

Pech, S., Zedek, and M. Wittová. Research in
Synthesis. Rubíšek, České vydavatelství, Praha,
1953, p. 219.—The reaction—

$Mg_3N_2 + 6H_2O \rightarrow 3Mg(OH)_2 + 2NH_3$

has been used for the determination of water, in particular of humidity in gases. The NH_3 is absorbed in 0.1 M $H_2B_4O_7$. The electrical conductivity of the resulting solution of ammonium salt is compared with that of the pure solution of $H_2B_4O_7$. The method was modified for progressive determinations.

J. ZYRA

3

Pech, J.

Application of Czechoslovak sands in electrical engineering,
p. 180. ELEKTROTECHNICKY OBZOR. (Ministerstvo strojirenstvi a
Ministerstvo paliv a energetiky) Praha. Vol.45, no. 4, Apr. 1956

Source: EEAL LC Vol. 5, No. 10 Oct. 1956

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001239810008-9

PECH, J.

PECH, J.; BROULIK, D.; MENSIK, P. "Determination of small quantities of oxygen in fluid butadiene."
Chemicky Prumysl, Praha, Vol 4, No 5, May 1954, p. 182

SO: Eastern European Accessions List, Vol 3, No 10, Oct 1954, Lib. of Congress

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001239810008-9"

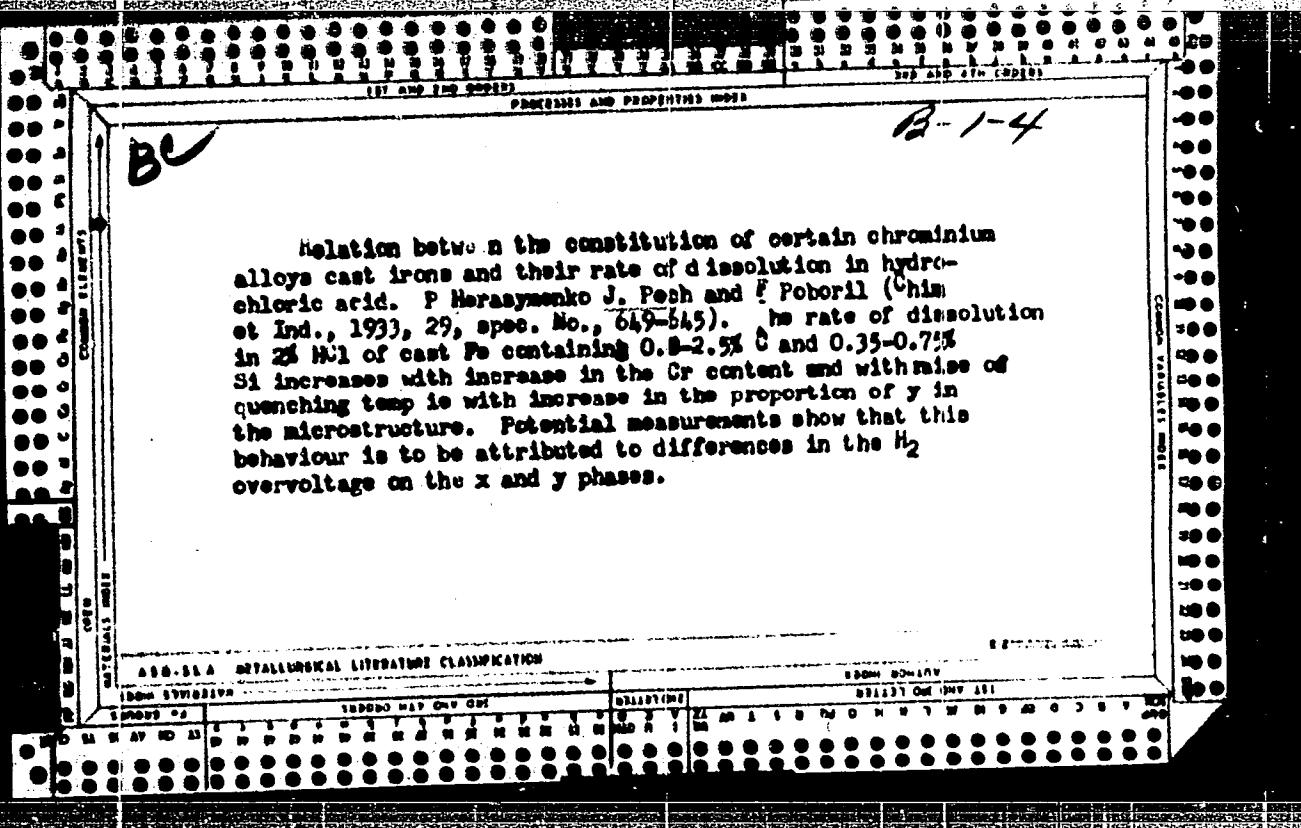
"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001239810008-9

PECH, J.,
DUBSKY, J.V., Chem. Listy 40, 210-11 (1946)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001239810008-9"



CA

7

Pyrogallolcarboxylic acid as a reagent for determining calcium. A. Okie and J. Pech. *Chem. Listy* 42, 161-3 (1948); cf. *C.A.* 43, 6337e.—A satd. aq. soln. of 2,3,4-pyrogallol-1-carboxylic acid gives a blue-violet coloration with Ba^{++} , Sr^{++} , and Ca^{++} . The reagent can be used for detecting Ca^{++} in the presence of Ba^{++} and Sr^{++} , if the soln. is treated with a slight excess of 9 N H_2SO_4 , boiled, cooled, and filtered before adding the org. reagent. The test can be used for the colorimetric detn. of Ca in drinking water. M. Hudlický

Bf

7

A color test for alkaline earths. A. Okada and J. Ichikawa. *Collection Czechoslov. Chem. Commun.*, 13, 401-6 (1948) (in English).—Basic solns. of alk. earth ions react with a std. aq. or 1% ethereal soln. of pyrogallol carboxylic acid (2,3,4-trihydroxybenzoic-1-carboxylic acid) (I) to give a bluish color or blue ppt. To detect Ca in the presence of such ions as Mg^{++} , Pb^{++} , Al^{++} , Zn^{++} , Zr^{++} , or Ti^{++} add 1 ml. of 2*N* NaOH to the neutral soln., remove any ppt., and add an equal vol. of I soln. A micro test can be made with much smaller quantities. The presence of strong reducing agents, such as Sn^{++} , and of anions, such as PO_4^{3-} , F^- , $C_2O_4^{2-}$, and CO_3^{2-} , interfere. The reaction is also sensitive for Ba^{++} and Sr^{++} . The test is not obtained with aq. suspensions of $CaSO_4$; it is weak with $SrSO_4$ suspensions but a pos. test is obtained with $CaCO_3$ and water. The test is useful for detg. Ca^{++} in drinking water. In this case, add 1-2 ml. of 2*N* NaOH, 1 ml. of gum arabic soln., dil. to 50 ml., and add the aq. soln. of I. In measuring the depth of color in a photometer, an S37 filter should be used. H. L. Whidden

AIA-SEA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION

CA

Isomorphism of internal complex salts of dimethylglyoxime. J. Pech, M. Polster, and A. Reklíck. *Chem. Listy* 43, 186-187(1949). Isomorphism of Ni, Pd, and Pt salts of dimethylglyoxime was proved crystallographically. A series of mixed crystals of Ni and Pd salts was prepd. Cu and Co salts showed a different structure.

M. Hudlický

Polarographic studies with the dropping mercury electrode. XXXVIII. Reduction of some aliphatic carboxylic acids, quinoline, and naphthalene. J. Pasek (Czech. Chem. Comm., 1951, 6, 128-139).

Reduction potentials against Hg_2Cl_2 are : NH_4^+ -1.287, NH_2Me_2 -1.477, NH_2Me -1.977, NH_2 , -1.689, N_2 -2.6 volts. $\text{NH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CO}_2\text{H}$, creatine, $\text{OD}(\text{NH}_2)_2$, asparagine, caffeine, threobromine, and uric acid free from O_2 , are not reducible; uric acid solution in air gives an unknown reducible substance. Quinoline and maocharin are reducible; the latter may be determined by this method; the former goes through stages which may be di- and tetra-hydroquinoline. Indole is reduced in acidic solution, but its behaviour is anomalous. D. R. D.

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400-324 METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001239810008-9"

Polarographic studies with the dropping mercury electrode. XXIV-VIII. Reduction of some aliphatic amines, quinoline and saccharin. J. Pech. - *Collection Czechoslov. Chem. Commun.* **6**, 129-30 (1934). - Reduction potentials at the dropping Hg cathode of some amino radicals were found to be $\text{NH}_3^+ = -1.787$, $\text{NH}_2(\text{CH}_3)^+ = -1.972$, $\text{NH}_2(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)^+ = -1.077$, $\text{NH}(\text{CH}_3)_2^+ = -1.082$ and $\text{N}(\text{CH}_3)_3^+ = -2.6$ v. in N solns. referred to the glassy electrode. Glycocol, creatine, urea, asparagine, serine, threonine and frenal solns. of uric acid were not reducible. Quinoline is reducible in acidic, neutral and alk. solns., the limiting current being proportional to its concn. Indole causes a "wave" on its current-voltage curve only in acid solns. The height of the wave is not proportional to the indole concn. but is much less. Saccharin causes a wave in acid, neutral and alk. solns. The concn. of saccharin can be read, with a max. error of 3% from the height of this wave. The min. amt. of saccharin determinable is 0.04 mg. H. R. M.

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Ca

ASIANA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

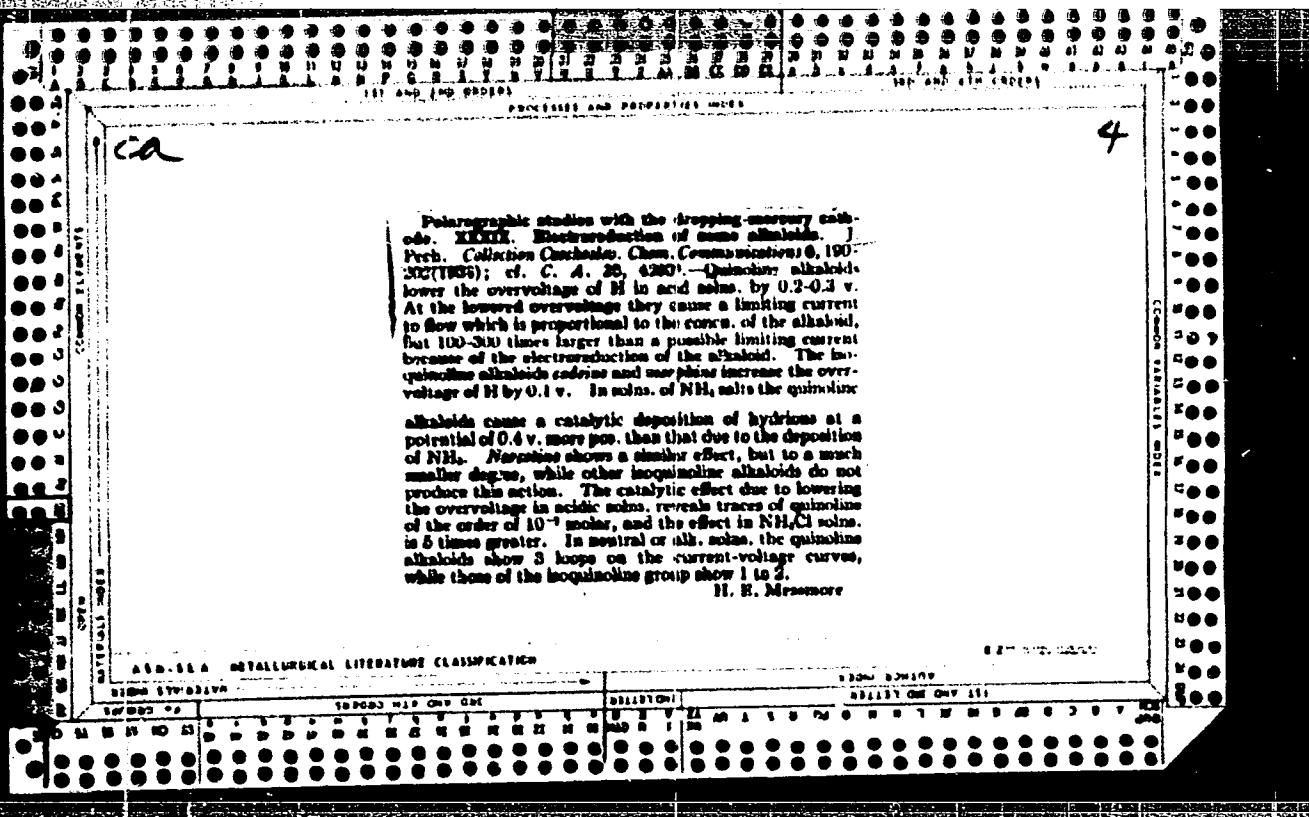
CIA-RDP86-00513R001239810008-9"

*B.R.B.**C.I. Org. Res + applies*

2363. Pyromellitic acid as reagent for calcium. A. Okat and J. Peček (Chem. Listy, 1948, 42, 161-162).—To 5 ml. of solution are added 1 ml. of 2*n*-NaOH and 5 ml. of a saturated aq. solution of the reagent acid. A blue-violet coloration is obtained in presence of Ba⁺⁺ < 25, Sr⁺⁺ < 0.5, or Ca⁺⁺ < 0.25 mg.; Ca⁺⁺ can be detected in presence of Sr and Ba by previously pptg. them as sulphates. A micro-modification consists in adding a drop of 2*n*-NaOH and 2 drops of 1% solution of reagent to either to 0.1 ml. of solution, when the coloration is obtained with Ba < 10, Sr < 5, and Ca < 0.5 mg. The reaction can be applied to the colorimetric determination of Ca.
R. Tavacov.

2129 *Color reaction of the alkaline earths.* A. Onde and J. Ivich (*Coll. Trav. chim. Technol.*, 1949, 18, 400-406) - Pyrogallol, 2,6-dihydroxyphenyllic acid reacts with alkaline solutions of the alkaline earths to give a violet coloration. The reaction is unaffected by the presence of most cations, but is interfered with by stannites and anions which form insol. salts of the alkaline earths. In presence of sulphate the reaction can be used to detect Ca in presence of Sr and Ba.

A. J. SWALLOW



Colorimetric determination of calcium by means of
pyrogallalcarboxylic acid. J. Prakt. Chem. 43, 8-13
(1901). Pyrogallalcarboxylic acid (I) gives with Ca a
blue-violet coloration in alk. solns. For the quant.
colorimetric measurements, a filter 8,57 and the width of
0.5 cm. were found the most suitable. Concentr. of 0.2-0.4
mg. Ca in 10 ml. of test soln. were used. For higher
concn. of Ca, a protective colloid (2% starch soln.) must
be used to make the extinction curve linear. To 10 ml. of a
soln. contg. 0.2-0.4 mg. Ca add 1 ml. 2 N NaOH, 2 ml.
2% starch soln., and dil. with a satd. aqu. soln. of EtO-Sym
M. Hadlický

PECH, Jaroslav, inz.

"Industrial electronics" by Vladimir Svoboda. Reviewed by Jaroslav
Pech. Elektrotechnik 18 no.4:121-122 Ap '63.

PECH, Jiri, inz., C.Sc.

Saturation charge of dielectric globule. El tech cas 13 no.4:217-
223 '62.

1. Ustav pro elektrotechniku, Ceskoslovenska akademi ved, Praha
1, Vaclavske namesti 55.

PECH, Jiri, inz., kandidat technickych ved

Spray lacquering in ~~a~~ electrostatic field. El tech obzor 51
no.10:541-542 0 '62.

PECH, Jiri, inz., kandidat technickych ved.

"Electrostatic separation of mixed granular solids" by O.C.
Ralston. Reviewed by Jiri Pech. El tech obzor 51 no.10:560
O '62.

PECH, Jiri, inz., kandidat technickych ved

Industrial safety in operating the electrostatic lacquering equipment. El tech obzor 52 no.2:104 F '63.

-7

PICH, Jiri, inz., kandidat technickych ved.

Corona motor. El tech obzor 52 no.8:443 Ag '63.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001239810008-9

PECH, Jiri, inz., kandidat technickych ved

Electrostatic forces and their use. El. tech obzor 52 no.11:
620-621 R'63.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001239810008-9"

96524

15.9210

Z/009/60/010/02/019/026
E142/E235AUTHORS: Vazan, M., Pech, J., and Stojan, S.TITLE: Development of the Synthetic Rubber Industry in
Czechoslovakia

PERIODICAL: Chemický Průmysl, 1960, Vol 10, Nr 2, pp 97-99

ABSTRACT: During the third Five Year Plan the production of synthetic rubber was started in Czechoslovakia. Average consumption of synthetic rubber in Czechoslovakia is 4 kg per capita; Table 1 shows the average consumption in various states in 1958 and Table 2 the estimated world output during 1952 to 1965. The authors review briefly the development of the world's synthetic rubber production and then discuss the development of the manufacture of synthetic rubber in Czechoslovakia; the importance of the raw materials, especially of petrochemicals, eg butenes is stressed. Conditions for the production of butadiene-styrene rubber SKS-30A were investigated and it is envisaged that butadiene will be eventually produced from C₄ hydrocarbons (n-butene and n-butane). The Výzkumný ústav syntetického kaučuku, Gottwaldov (Research Institute for Synthetic Rubber, Kaučuk n.p. in Gottwaldov) is carrying out investigations on various

Card 1/2

96524

Z/009/60/010/02/019/026
E142/E235

Development of the Synthetic Rubber Industry in Czechoslovakia
synthetic rubbers and the VÚ pro ropu a uhlovodíkové
plyny (Research Institute for Petroleum and Hydrocarbon
Gases) in Bratislava has been carrying out tests on a
new type of selective calcium-nickel-phosphate catalyst
for the dehydrogenation of butene to butadiene. This catalyst gives a 30% conversion and has a 90% degree of
selectivity. It will be used in the factory "Kaučuk"
in Kralupy which will begin production in 1963. It is
also planned to erect a factory for the production of
chloroprene rubber. This rubber will be produced from
acetylene, the latter being obtained by the partial
oxidation of methane. There are 5 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Výzkumný ústav syntetického kaučuku, Gottwaldov
(Ministry for the Chemical Industry and Research
Institute for Synthetic Rubber, Gottwaldov)

Card 2/2

2787. A survey of the development of Van de Graaf generators. J. Phys. Electrochem. Disc., 43, No. 5, 257-63 (1954) [in English].

The survey covers the period from the erection of the original Van de Graaf generator in Princeton in 1930 up to 1952. The most important generators (by size and voltage rating) are described and shown in diagrams and illustrations. Other designs, not really belonging to the Van de Graaf type and less successful (Pauthenier and Moreau generators) are also briefly discussed. The advantages of operation at high pressures and with various gas fillings are considered in greater detail and the improvements of modern, small horizontal types commercially available for industrial and medical purposes are briefly described.

B. F. RAUS

Pech J.

Chemical Abst.

Vol. 48

Apr. 10, 1954

Analytical Chemistry

Rapid determinations of sulfur and halogens in organic compounds. O. Mikl and J. Pech (Ustav synt. kaučuka, Plzeňský kraj, Česk.), Chem. Listy 47, 601-6 (1953). Impregnate filter paper with a soln. of 100 mg. org. compd. contg. S, halogen, or both, burn in an O atm. in a flask contg. 100 ml. H₂O + 10 ml. 3% neutral H₂O₂, and titrate after 1 hr. and after expelling CO₂ by boiling 2 min. If S is present, titrate the H₂SC₄ with alkali hydroxide soln., if halogens and S are present, det. the total acidity and the halogen content by titration with Hg(NO₃)₂.

M. Hudlicky

CZECH

✓ Determination of small amounts of oxygen in butadiene

res. J. Pech, D. Brnášek, and P. Menšík. *Chem. Průmysl*
4(29), 349 (1951). — The polarographic method was modi-
fied to enable the dectn. of low O concns. in butadiene under
1% vol.

L. A. Helvich

(2)

gen

AB

[Signature]
"Scrap Disposal and Scrap Stocking Ground Organization
in Steelworks. V. Šimák and J. Fisch. (Mutlit, (Prague),
1954, 4, 1), 105-107. (In English) Efficient methods of
storing and sorting scrap are discussed, and the effect on steel
of various non-metallic and metallic impurities frequently
occurring in scrap are considered. P. T."

PECH, J.; MIKL, O.;

Pech, J.; Mikl, O.; "A rapid method for the determination of sulfur and nitrogen in organic compounds." p. 904 CASOPIS PRO PESTOVANI RATEK ATIKY. CZECHOSLOVAK JOURNAL OF INORGANICAL AND ELEMENTAL CHEMISTRY. Vol. 47 No. 6 June 1973 Praha, Czechoslovakia.

SC: MONTHLY LIST OF EAST EUROPEAN ACCESSIONS, L. C. Vol. 3 No. 1 Jan. '74 Incl.

PECH, Jaroslav, inz.

Elektronic and week-current equipment in the heavy-current
engineering. Elektrotechnik 18 no.11:Supplement: Kurs
elektrotechnickych schemat. 186-200 N°63

MACKIEWICZ, Urszula; PECH, Juliusz

Immunochemical investigation of gamma-globulin in dry human plasma preparations. Acta Pol. pharm. 22 no.1:63-68 '65.

Immunochemical analysis of protein antigens in preparations of dry human plasma. Ibid.:69-74.

1. Z Pracowni Farmakodynamiki Akademii Medycznej w Poznaniu (Kierownik: prof. dr. J. Dadlez).

MACKIEWICZ, Urszula; MACKIEWICZ, Stefan; PECH, Juliusz

Value of the bentonite test in the diagnosis of rheumatoid arthritis. Pol. arch. med. wewn. 33 no.7:783-788 '63.

l. Z Pracowni Farmakodynamiki AM w Poznaniu Kierownik: prof.
dr J. Dadlez Z III Kliniki Chorob Wewnętrznych AM w Poznaniu
Kierownik: doc. dr med. K. Wysocki.
(ARTHRITIS, RHEUMATOID) (SERODIAGNOSIS)
(ALUMINUM SILICATES)

PECH, Karoly

Practical methods for fault detection and repair. Radiotekhnika
Lj. no.1:16-17 Ja '65.

PECH, Karoly

Practical methods for fault detecting and repair. Radiotekhnika
5 no.5:185-186 My '65.

PEGH, Karoly

Practical methods for fault detection and repair. Radiotekhnika
15 no.2:63-64 F '65.

PECH, Karoly

Data on the Orion AT 550 television sets. Raditechnika 15
no. 3:94-96 Mr '65.

PRCH, Karoly

Practical methods of fault detection and repair. Periodica
technika 14 no.12:454-455 D '64.

KLEANDER, A., inz; DANIHELKA, F.; PECH, I.

From the activities of the Regional Commission of the Czechoslovak Scientific and Technological Society in Pardubec Kralove.
Zvaranie 12 no.11:338-339 N°63.

1. Zavodni pobocka Ceskoslovenske vedecko-technicke spolecnosti, Synthesia, Semtin (for Danihelka).
2. Svareci technolog, Zavody potravinarskych a chladicich stroju, Pardubice (for Pech).

PECH, L.

Determination of change of temperature in humid climate chambers. p. 139.

EPULETGEPESET, Vol. 4, No. 4, 1955

(Epitoipari Tudomanyos Egyesulet) Budapest

SOURCE: East European Accessions List Vol. 5, No. 1 September, 1956